GLOBAL SMOOTH SYSTEM ELEMENTS CHART



	PRESENTATIONAL ELEMENTS			MOVING ELEMENTS	
	HOLDS	POSITIONS	PROXIMITIES	FEET	TIMING
BRONZE	Ballroom Hold Alternate Hold (Bronze) Frame Hold (at the back, shoulder, elbow or wrist) Double Hand Hold Single Hand Hold May use a combination of Single Hand and Frame Holds (Combination Hold)	Closed Outside Partner Right and Left Promenade Counter-Promenade Open Facing Right Angle/90 degrees Left or Right Side (Opposite Foot) Inverted Left or Right Side Back-to-Back	Body Contact Close Extended Must maintain any Bronze hold/s in all proximities in Bronze	Opposite Foot only Feet must close, (no passing feet/continuity style) except in allowed Apart Feet Figures*; feet must close on following figure *Single-Step Figures, Breaks, Crossbody Figures, Chassés, Grapevines [Half and Full], Pivots, Underarm Turns, and Change of Places	Bronze Timing—see Timing Chart for each dance One syncopation per bar allowed in Chassés with no turn, or up to ¼ turn, in Waltz and Foxtrot One syncopation per bar allowed in Chassés with no turn, or up to ¼ turn, in Waltz and Foxtrot
	All Bronze Holds, plus:	All Bronze Positions, plus:	All Bronze Proximities, plus:	All Bronze Feet, plus:	All Bronze Timings, plus: See Timing Chart for each dance
SILVER	 Alternate Hold (Silver) Crossed Hand Hold (sustained) Handshake Hold (Right or Left) Shadow Hold No Hold—Apart Proximity only, up to one bar per occurrence 	 Add Fallaway movement Same Foot Lunge Shadow Right (Follower in front) Contra Right or Left (Opposite Foot) 	Apart (No Hold)—up to one bar per occurrence	Passing Feet (Continuity Style) Same Foot allowed in Same Foot Lunge and sustained Shadow Right Position only	One syncopation allowed per bar. In Shadow Right, syncopation is allowed only in Chassés/Locks/Runs with no turn, or up to ¼ turn Foot Change Timing allowed—one syncopation or fake/canter per bar Picture Lines—up to two bars on one foot
	All Bronze & Silver holds, plus:	All Bronze & Silver positions, <i>plus</i> :	All Bronze & Silver proximities, <i>plus</i> :	All Bronze & Silver feet, plus:	All Bronze & Silver timings, plus: See Timing Chart for each dance
СОГО	Hammerlock Hold—Double or Single Hands to Body No Hold—Apart or Away Proximity (see Proximities column for times allowed)	 Shadow Left Left Side, Right Side, and Tandem, Same Foot Contra Right or Left, Same Foot Opposite Shadow Right and Left 	 Apart (No Hold)—up to four consecutive bars in W, T, F, eight bars in VW Away—up to two consecutive bars in W, T, F, four bars in VW 	Same Foot allowed in all positions	Up to one syncopation per bar allowed in figures with turn in Shadow Right, or Apart Proximity Two syncopations per bar allowed in Double Underarm/Free Turns, Tango Viennese Crosses Syncopations on every beat allowed in Runarounds/Standing Spins only Picture Lines—up to four bars allowed
OPEN	 No restrictions on holds used or time spent in any hold, including No Hold Entrances are allowed 	No restrictions on positions, all levels allowed including Dips, Drops, Backbends, Sit Spins, Off-Balance positions	No restrictions on distance or amount of time in any proximity	 Lifts are not allowed, if supported by partner at least one foot must always remain on the floor Jumps, Hops, Skips are allowed Kicks, Rondés, Developés at any height 	No restrictions on timing
EXCEPTIONS	Bronze exceptions: * *Handshake Hold—Waltz Change Steps, Progressive Twinkles OP, PP/CPP only * *Shadow Hold—Tango Shadow Walks and Rocks only	Bronze exceptions: *Shadow Right Position—Tango Shadow Walks and Rocks Silver exceptions: *Left Side Same Foot—Foxtrot Grapevine up to four quicks *Shadow Left—Waltz Shadow Switch Twinkles, one bar only in SH/L		Bronze exceptions: *Same Foot—Tango Shadow Walks and Rocks in Shadow Right Position Silver exceptions: *Left Side Same Foot—Foxtrot Grapevine four quicks only	Silver exceptions: *Two syncopations per bar allowed in Tango for Double Underarm Turns, Viennese Crosses (in Ballroom Hold only) for one bar only
DEFINITIONS	Hold = the point(s) of contact between the partners (primarily the hands).	Position = the relationship of the partners' bodies and feet to one another.	Proximity = the distance between the partners' bodies.	Feet = which foot the weight is on in relation to the partner—Opposite Foot or Same Foot. Also, whether feet may close or pass at the end of the figure.	Timing = weight changes in relation to music. 123 requires three weight changes, 12&3 requires four weight changes. Parentheses indicate that there is no weight change on that count, i.e., QQ(S) would be two weight changes.